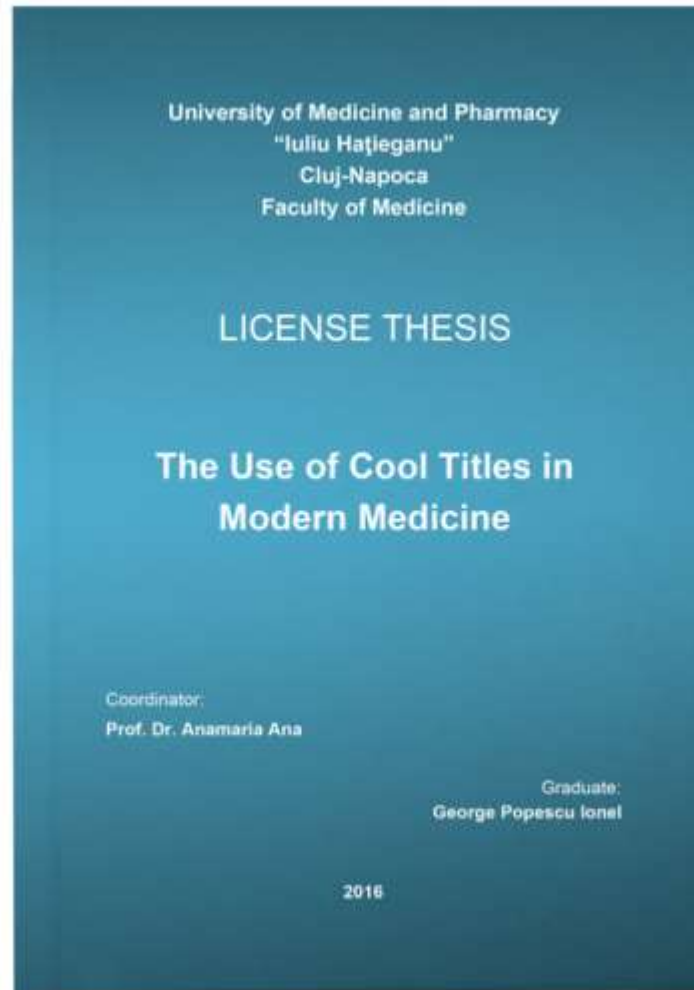


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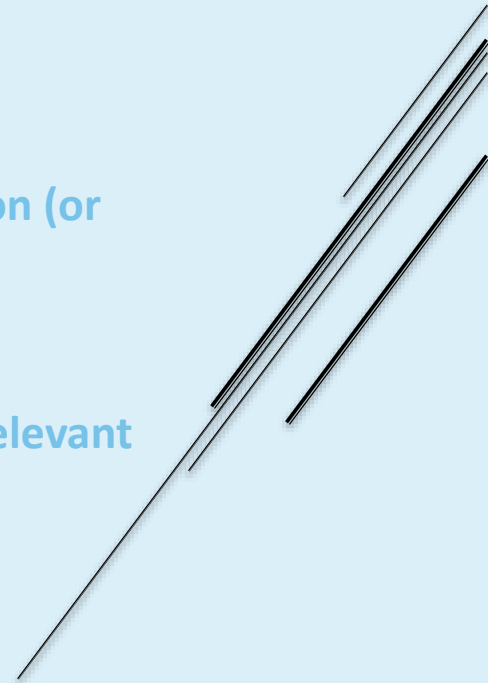
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- ▶ Not very long... But not very short ...
- ▶ The title should allow the reader to get an idea of the content of the thesis
- ▶ Remember – the thesis is a research
- ▶ The research should answer a question (or more)
- ▶ The questions / answers should be relevant





**DO YOU HAVE AN APPROPRIATE TITLE ON
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If no – why? – discuss with your supervisor – change it.



DOCUMENTATION

1st Part of the thesis

- **General Part**
- **Contains an introduction and documentation about the topic of the research**

Introduction

- Short – max 1 – 1 ½ pages
- Very brief description of the topic
- Why the topic is important?
- What motivates the research?
- Are any personal reasons? (if exists)
- Scope and objectives
- Acknowledgments (if any)

Documentation

- Represents the verification and study of existing knowledge in the world literature.
- is a mandatory component in each of the stages of a research study.

What we are looking for?

- **Definitions**
- **Similar studies in the area**
- **Studies related to our subject**
- ...

PICO

Population / Problem

Intervention

Comparation / Control

Objectives

Do men with vasectomy have an increased risk of testicular cancer?

Population = adults male

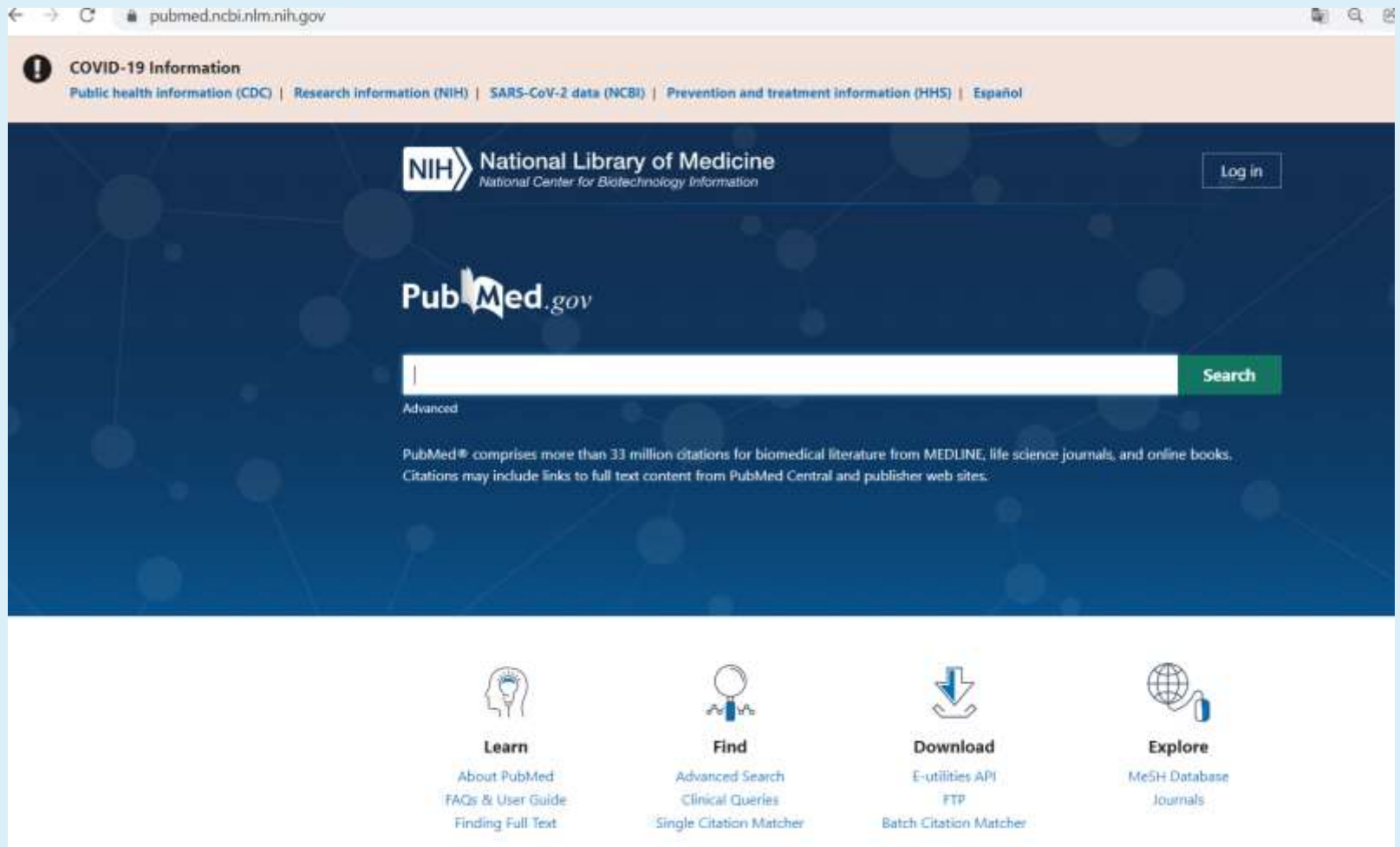
Intervention = vasectomy

Control = no vasectomy

Objective = testicular cancer

PUBMED -

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>



The image shows a screenshot of the PubMed website homepage. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a COVID-19 information section. Below this is the NIH logo and the text "National Library of Medicine National Center for Biotechnology Information". The PubMed.gov logo is prominently displayed in the center. A search bar is located below the logo, with a "Search" button to its right. Below the search bar, there is a link to "Advanced" search. A paragraph of text describes the scope of PubMed, mentioning over 33 million citations. At the bottom, there are four main categories: "Learn", "Find", "Download", and "Explore", each with a list of sub-links.

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COVID-19 Information
Public health information (CDC) | Research information (NIH) | SARS-CoV-2 data (NCBI) | Prevention and treatment information (HHS) | Español

NIH National Library of Medicine
National Center for Biotechnology Information

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PubMed Clinical Queries

This tool uses [predefined filters](#) to help you quickly refine PubMed searches on clinical or disease-specific topics. To use this tool, enter your search terms in the search bar and select filters before searching.

Note: The Systematic Reviews filter has moved; it is now an option under the "Article Type" filter on the main PubMed search results page.

Filter category

- Clinical Studies
- COVID-19

Clinical Queries filters were developed by [Haynes RB et al.](#) to facilitate retrieval of clinical studies.

Filter

See [Clinical Queries filter details](#).

Scope

Returns more results: less specific, but more comprehensive. See [filter details](#).

PICO interrogation

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Search MEDLINE/PubMed via PICO with Spelling Checker
Patient, Intervention, Comparison, Outcome
[go.usa.gov/xFn](https://pubmedhh.nlm.nih.gov/nlmd/pico/piconew.php)

Patient/Problem:

Medical condition:

Intervention:
(therapy, diagnostic test, etc.)

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(same as above, optional):

Outcome:
(optional)

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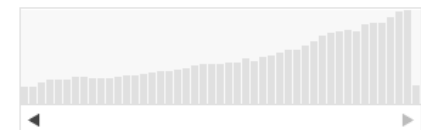
<< First < Prev Page 1 of 10128 Next > Last >>

- [Fbxo25 controls Tbx5 and Nkx2-5 transcriptional activity to regulate cardiomyocyte development.](#)
1. Jeong HS, Jung ES, Sim YJ, Kim SJ, Jang JW, Hong KS, Lee WY, Chung HM, Park KT, Jung YS, Kim CH, Kim KS.
Biochim Biophys Acta. 2015 Feb 25. pii: S1874-9399(15)00050-4. doi: 10.1016/j.bbagr.2015.02.002. [Epub ahead of print]
PMID: 25725482 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]
- [Association between serum vitamin D levels and subclinical coronary atherosclerosis and plaque burden/composition in young adult population.](#)
2. Satilmis S, Celik O, Biyik I, Ozturk D, Celik K, Akin F, Ayca B, Yalcin B, Dagdelen S, Bosh J Basic Med Sci. 2015 Feb 8;15(1):67-72. doi: 10.17305/bjbm.2015.238.
PMID: 25725147 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]
- [Increased Platelet to Lymphocyte Ratio is Related to Slow Coronary Flow.](#)
3. Akboga MK, Canpolat U, Balci KG, Akyel A, Sen F, Yayla C, Cay S, Aras D, Aydogdu S.
Angiology. 2015 Feb 26. pii: 0003319715574625. [Epub ahead of print]
PMID: 25725035 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]
- [Successful primary coronary angioplasty for acute inferior myocardial infarction in a patient with RII-type single coronary artery.](#)
4. Vural A, Aksoy H, Karagöz A, Dindar B.
BMJ Case Rep. 2015 Feb 27;2015. pii: bcr2014208325. doi: 10.1136/bcr-2014-208325. No abstract available.
PMID: 25725027 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]
- [Impact of participation in randomized trials of reperfusion therapy on the time to reperfusion and hospital mortality in ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction: A single-centre cohort study.](#)
5. Juliard JM, Golmard JL, Feldman LJ, Himbert D, Nejari M, Ducrocq G, Sorbets E, Garbarz E, Aubry P, Duchatelle V, Vahanian A, Steg PG.
Eur Heart J Acute Cardiovasc Care. 2015 Feb 27. pii: 2048872615574108. [Epub ahead of print]
PMID: 25725017 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]
- [Multiplexed, Quantitative Workflow for Sensitive Biomarker Discovery in Plasma Yields Novel Candidates for Early Myocardial Injury.](#)
6. Keshishian H, Burgess MW, Gillette MA, Mertins P, Clauser KR, Mani DR, Kuhn EW, Farrell LA, Gerszten RE, Carr SA.
Mol Cell Proteomics. 2015 Feb 27. pii: mcp.M114.046813. [Epub ahead of print]

New feature

Try the new Display Settings option - Sort by Relevance

Results by year



Related searches

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Titles with your search terms

- Effect of potentially modifiable risk factors associated with myocardial infarction [Lancet. 2004]
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Abstract

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J Virol. 2004 Mar;78(5):2537-44.

Molecular phylogenetic analyses indicate a wide and ancient radiation of African hepatitis delta virus, suggesting a deltavirus genus of at least seven major clades.

Radjef N¹, Gordien E, Ivaniushina V, Gault E, Anais P, Druqan T, Trinchet JC, Roulot D, Tamby M, Milinkovitch MC, Dény P.

Author information

Abstract

Hepatitis D virus (HDV) is a satellite of hepatitis B virus (HBV) for transmission and propagation and infects nearly 20 million people worldwide. The HDV genome is a compact circular single-stranded RNA genome with extensive intramolecular complementarity. Despite its different epidemiological and pathological patterns, the variability and geographical distribution of HDV are limited to three genotypes and two subtypes that have been characterized to date. Phylogenetic reconstructions based on the delta antigen gene and full-length genome sequence data show an extensive and probably ancient radiation of African lineages, suggesting that the genetic variability of HDV is much more complex than was previously thought, with evidence of additional clades. These results relate the geographic distribution of HDV more closely to the genetic variability of its helper HBV.

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- Geographic distribution and genetic variability of hepatitis delta virus genotype I. [Virology. 1997]
- Hepatitis D and B virus genotypes in chronically infected patients from the East [Acta Trop. 2008]
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Publication Types, MeSH Terms, Substances, Secondary Source ID



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https://www.webofknowledge.com/

The screenshot displays the Web of Science search interface. At the top, the browser address bar shows the URL `webofscience.com/wos/woscz/basic-search`. The page header includes the Clarivate logo, the text "Web of Science™", and navigation links for "Search", "Marked List", "History", and "Alerts". A user profile for "Tudor Calinic" is visible in the top right corner. The main content area features a purple banner with the text "Discover multidisciplinary content from the world's most trusted global citation database." Below this banner, there are two tabs: "DOCUMENTS" (selected) and "RESEARCHERS". The search area includes a dropdown menu for "Search in: Web of Science Core Collection" and "Editions: All". There are three sub-tabs: "DOCUMENTS", "CITED REFERENCES", and "STRUCTURE". A search input field contains the text "Example: oil spill* mediterranean". Below the input field are buttons for "+ Add row" and "+ Add date range". The text "Advanced Search" is positioned below these buttons. On the right side of the search area, there are "Clear" and "Search" buttons.

Search in Web of SCIENCE

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Q myocardial infarction (Topic) Analyze Results Citation Report Create Alert

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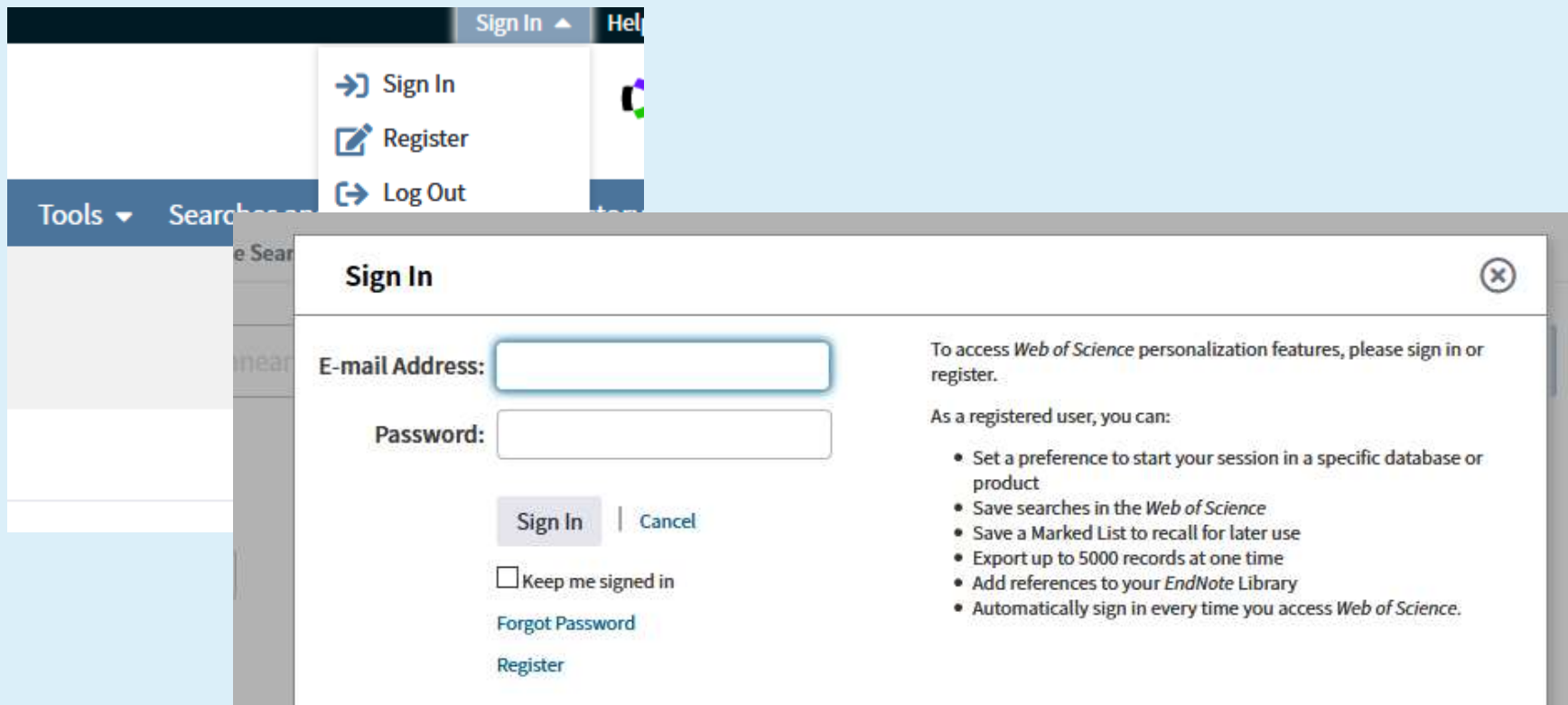
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- Myocardial infarction, Takotsubo syndrome, or myocardial infarction/Takotsubo syndrome?**
[Medias JJ](#)
Nov 19 2014 | INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CARDIOLOGY 177 (1), pp.167-168
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- Tako-tsubo syndrome: A new entity or new form of presentation of an old one? An electrocardiographic analysis**
[Borisa B Pincus A \(-\); Lams J](#)
May 23 2008 | INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CARDIOLOGY 126 (2), pp.281-283
[Full Text at Publisher](#) ***
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- Study of myocardial infarction feature extraction using subjective introduction based method**
[Gu DF and Sun JJ](#)
5th International Conference on Wavelet Analysis and Pattern Recognition
2007 | 2007 INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON WAVELET ANALYSIS AND PATTERN RECOGNITION, VOLS 3-4, PROCEEDINGS, pp.1120-1122
Most of the existing studies on myocardial infarction (MI) feature extraction are based on certain important components. The subjective significance based method was introduced into the feature extraction from an entire ECG segment for the classification in the paper. The method was employed to discriminate the assumed prior class from the other classes and separate each of the classes at the same time. The data in the an ... [Show more](#)

7 References
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Access Web of Science

- In order to use the Web of Science outside the UMF network, you need to sign up while you are on this network
- Then you can use it from any computer



The image shows a screenshot of the Web of Science user interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Sign In' and 'Help' options. Below this, a dropdown menu is open, showing 'Sign In', 'Register', and 'Log Out' options. In the foreground, a 'Sign In' dialog box is displayed. The dialog box has a title bar with a close button (X). It contains the following elements:

- E-mail Address:** A text input field.
- Password:** A text input field.
- Sign In** button and **Cancel** button.
- Keep me signed in**
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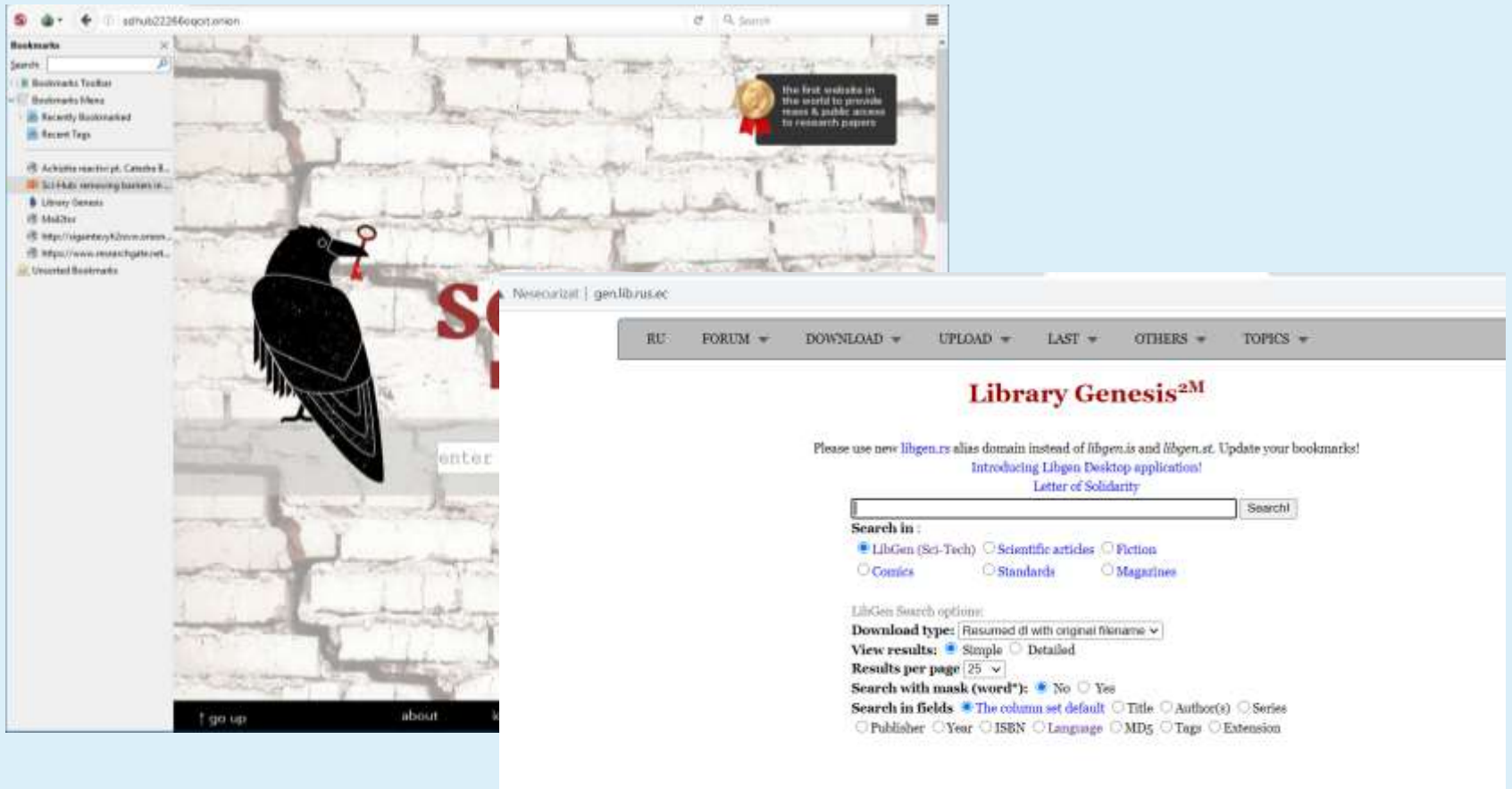
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SCI HUB

- <https://sci-hub.se/>
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The image shows two overlapping browser windows. The top window displays the Sci-Hub website, which features a background of a brick wall and a crow holding a red ribbon. A gold medal icon is visible in the top right corner with the text: "the first website in the world to provide mass & public access to research papers". The bottom window shows the LibGen website, titled "Library Genesis^{2M}". It includes a navigation menu with options like "RU", "FORUM", "DOWNLOAD", "UPLOAD", "LAST", "OTHERS", and "TOPICS". Below the menu, there is a search bar with the text "Please use new libgen.rs alias domain instead of libgen.is and libgen.se. Update your bookmarks!" and "Introducing Libgen Desktop application! Letter of Solidarity". The search bar contains the text "enter". Below the search bar, there are radio buttons for "Search in:" categories: "LibGen (Sci-Tech)", "Scientific articles", "Fiction", "Comics", "Standards", and "Magazines". Further down, there are "LibGen Search options" including "Download type" (set to "Resumable dl with original filename"), "View results" (set to "Simple"), "Results per page" (set to "25"), "Search with mask (word*)" (set to "No"), and "Search in fields" (set to "The column set default").

Citing sources - Vancouver style

- It dates from 1978 and is used by most medical journals
- Used by Medline / Pubmed
- Inside the text the citation to the reference is made with Arabic numerals in parentheses (round or straight) or in the exponent (there are also combinations of them)
- Citing references practical activity – MCS II year

Vancouver style- Articles

- Leurs R, Church MK, Taglialatela M. H₁-antihistamines: inverse agonism, anti-inflammatory actions and cardiac effects. *Clin Exp Allergy*. 2002 Apr;32(4):489-498.
- Tashiro J, Yamaguchi S, Ishii T, Suzuki A, Kondo H, Morita Y, Hara K, Koyama I. Inferior oncological prognosis of surgery without oral chemotherapy for stage III colon cancer in clinical settings. *World J Surg Oncol*. 2014 May 10;12(1):145. [Epub ahead of print]

Vancouver style- Articles

- Continuously numbered journals:
- Guilbert TW, Morgan WJ, Zeiger RS, Mauger DT, Boehmer SJ, Szeffler SJ, et al. Long-term inhaled corticosteroids in preschool children at high risk for asthma. *N Engl J Med*. 2006 May 11;354(19):1985-1997.
- Articles with digital identifiers (DOI or PMID):
 - von Itzstein M, Wu WY, Kok GB, Pegg MS, Dyason JC, Jin B, et al. Rational design of potent sialidase-based inhibitors of influenza virus replication. *Nature*. 1993 Jun 3;363(6428):418-423. PMID 8502295.
- Articles in languages other than English:
 - Forneau E, Bovet D. Recherches sur l'action sympathicolytique d'un nouveau dérivé du dioxane. *Arch Int Pharmacodyn*. 1933;46:178-191. French.

Vancouver style- Books

- **With authors on the first cover:**

- Rang HP, Dale MM, Ritter JM, Moore PK. Pharmacology. 5th ed. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone; 2003.

- **With editor:**

- Beers MH, Porter RS, Jones TV, Kaplan JL, Berkwits M, editors. The Merck manual of diagnosis and therapy. 18th ed. Whitehouse Station (NJ): Merck Research Laboratories; 2006.

- **Chapter:**

- Glennon RA, Dukat M. Serotonin receptors and drugs affecting serotonergic neurotransmission. In: Williams DA, Lemke TL, editors. Foye's principles of medicinal chemistry. 5th ed. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 2002.

Vancouver style- websites

- **Website**

- **Drug-interactions.com [homepage on the Internet]. Indianapolis: Indiana University Department of Medicine; 2003 [updated 17 May 2006; cited 30 May 2006]. Available from: <http://medicine.iupui.edu/flockhart/>**

IMPORTANT

- **Journals publish the articles online! Those should not be cited as web pages !!!**
- **Optionally, if available, electronic document identification information can be added: Digital Object Identifier (DOI) –, PubMed ID – unique identification number in the database Medline/Pubmed, or PubMed Central PMCID: doi: zzzzzzz. PubMed PMID: zzzzzzz; PubMed Central PMCID: PMC zzzzzzz.**

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- The responsibility lies with the author (statement)

Anti-plagiarism

- All sources are cited and translated into their own interpretation
- If we need a definition or a quote they are placed in quotation marks or in italics
- Tables taken from the literature are pasted as images and cited

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Lo [REDACTED]

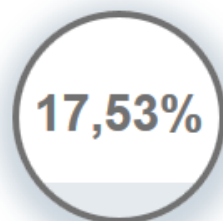
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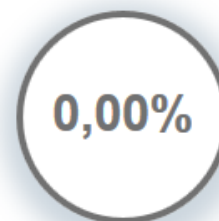
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CS2 



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25

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Lungimea în caractere

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Anti-plagiarism

revenza apariția SII, intoleranța alimentară a fost studiată ca și o posibilă cauză în apariția simptomatologiei la pacienții cu SII, dar sunt necesare cercetări suplimentare în acest domeniu (1).

De asemenea, suprapopularea bacteriana a intestinului subțire reprezintă subiect de cercetare în cadrul factorilor etiologici ai SII (6).

Unele studii **care au investigat mecanismele de apariție a SII postinfecțios (SII-PI) au arătat rolul activării sistemului imunitar în etiologia** acestuia. Expunerea la infecția intestinală determină apariția unui grad de inflamație persistentă **atât la nivelul mucoasei intestinale cât și** sistemic, cu **creșterea producției diferitelor citokine la acești pacienți**. Studii recente au arătat activarea receptorilor toll-like (TLRs) precum și creșterea răspunsului imun înscut **la pacienții cu SII, iar stresul psihologic a fost raportat ca fiind unul dintre factorii care** induc activarea sistemului imunitar (7).

În ultimii ani s-a acordat o deosebită atenție studierii rolului inflamației în **patogeneza SII pornind de la**

cercetările recente **ale căror rezultate au arătat** că există **un număr crescut de mucoasei intestinale**. Au fost studiați markeri ai inflamației, printre care **TNF-alfa) și anti-inflamatorii (IL-10), limfocitele intraepiteliale (IELs) de necroză tumorală (TNF-α), leucocitele, monocitele, macrofagele sedimentare a hematiilor (VSH), prostaglandina E2, receptorii toll-like Mastocitele, la nivelul mucoasei intestinale la persoanele sănătoase sunt nervos enteric (9,10) acestea eliberând o gamă largă de mediatori ai i afecta funcția nervoasă enterică (11) precum și contractilitatea muscu S-a arătat de asemenea că pacienții cu SII prezintă un număr crescut colonului. Aceste imunocite se află în strânsă asociere anatomică c nervos enteric, existând studii care atestă faptul că activarea celulelor T determină modificări ale funcției neuromusculare la nivelul tractului intestinal (13).**

Factori genetici, alergii alimentare nediate, episoade repetate de enterită infecțioasă, precum și modificări ale microbiotei intestinale, pot **juca un rol important în determinarea și perpetuarea acestui proces inflamator** intestinal.

Studii experimentale pe animale au arătat că pot apărea **tulburări ale motilității, hipersensibilitate și disfuncție** gastrointestinală datorită prezenței unei inflamații, **chiar și de grad redus**, care să ducă la schimbări persistente la nivelul sistemului nervos și al musculaturii netede a tractului gastrointestinal (14).

Unele studii au arătat că o inflamație persistentă, chiar și minimă, limitată la mucoasa intestinală, poate perturba reflexele gastrointestinale, putând **să activeze sistemul senzorial visceral**, iar **astfel de interacțiuni anormale neuroimune pot contribui la alterarea fiziologiei gastrointestinale** normale și la apariția hipersensibilității ce stă la baza SII (15). **Mucoasa intestinală conține un sistem imunitar extrem de elaborat, care poate fi considerat ca fiziologic inflamă**, însă, **inflamația de grad scăzut poate fi evaluată folosind doar evaluări cantitative(16). Prin această abordare, s-a demonstrat că pacienții cu SII prezintă o creștere semnificativă a celulelor sistemului imunitar în lamina propria din mucoasa colonului, comparativ cu subiecții sănătoși(17) și că această inflamație de grad scăzut pare să fie mai importantă la nivelul colonului drept față de cel stâng (17,18). Dacă inflamația de grad scăzut prezintă un rol în disfuncția**

LEGENDĂ

- - Baze de Date Instituționale
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